

Isabelle Malfant,^a Laure Vendier,^{a*} Oleg A. D'Yachenko^b and Alexander I. Kotov^b^aLaboratoire de Chimie de Coordination, 205 Route de Narbonne 3, 1077 Toulouse Cedex 04, France, and ^bInstitute of Problems of Chemical Physics, Russian Academy of Science, Chernogolovka MD, 142432 Russian Federation

Correspondence e-mail: vendier@lcc-toulouse.fr

Key indicators

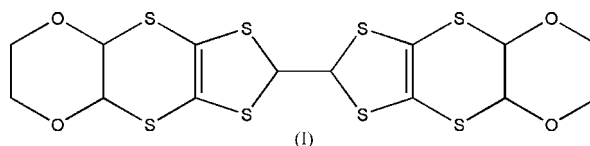
Single-crystal X-ray study
 $T = 180$ K
Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å
 R factor = 0.026
 wR factor = 0.060
Data-to-parameter ratio = 11.6For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.The π -donor 4,5;4',5'-bis(dioxane-1,4-diyl-2,3-dithio)tetrathiafulvaleneThe title molecule, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_4\text{S}_8$, has a U-shaped conformation and its crystal structure features short intermolecular $\text{S} \cdots \text{S}$ contacts.

Received 13 February 2006

Accepted 27 February 2006

Comment

Radical cation salts based on bis(ethylenedithio)tetrathiafulvalene (BEDT-TTF) are a major class of organic quasi-two-dimensional organic metals and superconductors (Williams *et al.*, 1992; Ishiguro *et al.*, 1998). In a search for new systems with high conductivity, we have synthesized the BEDT-TTF derivative containing two 1,4-dioxane rings [BDDT-TTF; (I)] and their salts (Kotov *et al.*, 1994; Faulmann *et al.*, 1995). Subsequently, improved syntheses of (I) have been reported (Kini *et al.*, 1995; Yamada *et al.*, 1998). The crystal structure of the (BDDT-TTF)₂I₃ salt has been investigated (Kini *et al.*, 1995), but that of (I) has not yet been solved owing to difficulties in obtaining single crystals.



Neutral (I) (Fig. 1) has a U-shaped configuration, as shown in Fig. 2. By contrast, the donor in the aforementioned (BDDT-TTF)₂I₃ salt adopts a chair conformation, with the dioxane substituents oriented on opposite sides of the plane through the TTF portion of the molecule (Kini *et al.*, 1995). It is possible that molecular rearrangement occurs during oxidation of (I) to form (BDDT-TTF)₂I₃. The packing as shown in Figs. 3 and 4 is made of pairs of I because of short van der Waals $\text{S} \cdots \text{S}$ contacts (<3.7 Å), partly due to the U-shaped conformation of the neutral molecule.

Experimental

Compound (I) was prepared according to the reported methods of Kotov *et al.* (1994, 1999) and purified by column chromatography.

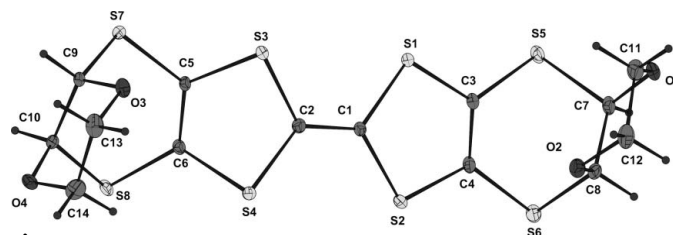


Figure 1
View of (I) showing the atomic labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

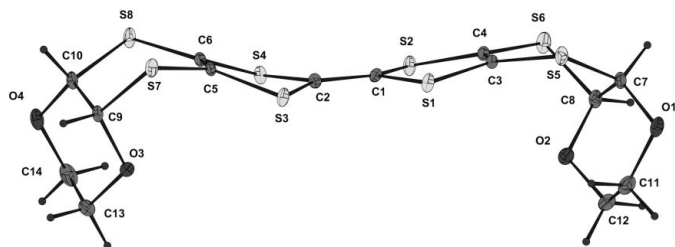


Figure 2
Side view of (I) showing the atomic labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

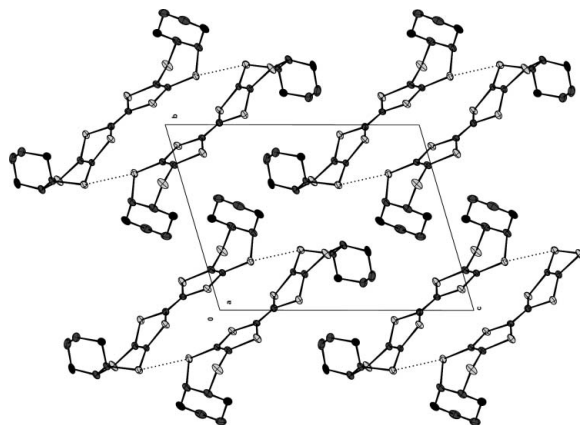


Figure 3
Packing of (I), projected down the *a* axis. Short intradimer S...S interactions (<3.7 Å) are shown as dotted lines. H atoms have been omitted.

Crystals were grown by the slow evaporation, at room temperature, of a toluene and dichloromethane (1:1) solution of (I).

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{12}O_4S_8$
 $M_r = 500.72$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.3867$ (7) Å
 $b = 11.0716$ (13) Å
 $c = 14.1462$ (16) Å
 $\alpha = 106.009$ (11)°
 $\beta = 90.107$ (12)°
 $\gamma = 103.453$ (12)°
 $V = 932.78$ (18) Å³

$Z = 2$
 $D_x = 1.783$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 8000 reflections
 $\theta = 1.7$ – 26.1 °
 $\mu = 0.98$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 180$ K
Plate, orange-yellow
 $0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

Stoe IPDS diffractometer
 φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.712$, $T_{\max} = 0.979$
7398 measured reflections
2733 independent reflections

2225 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 24.1$ °
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

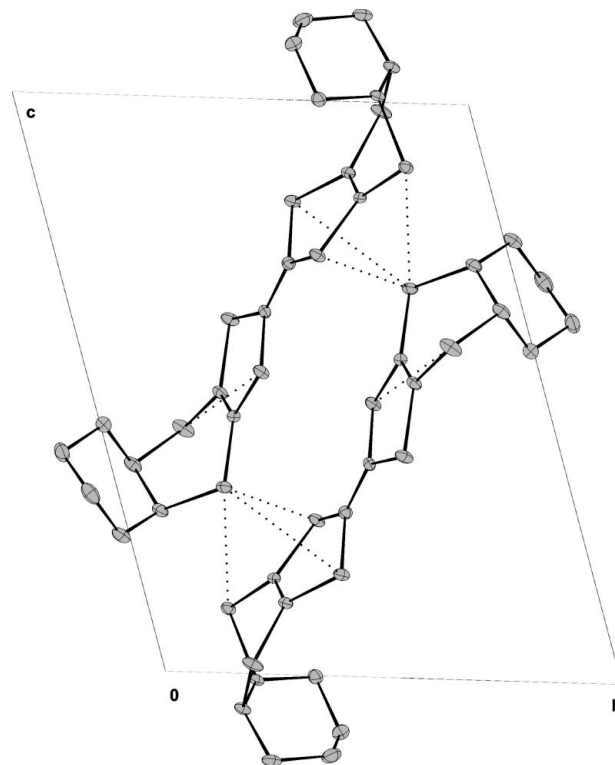


Figure 4
Mode of overlap of the pairs of (I). Dotted lines indicate the short S...S contacts (<3.7 Å). H atoms have been omitted.

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.060$
 $S = 0.97$
2733 reflections
235 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0364P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28$ e Å⁻³

The H atoms were positioned geometrically (C–H = 0.95–1.00 Å) and refined as riding on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier})$. The fixed φ spindle of the Stoe IPDS does not allow easy access to the cusp of data along the mount axis and hence θ_{max} was restricted to 24.1°.

Data collection: *IPDS Software* (Stoe, 1996); cell refinement: *IPDS Software*; data reduction: *X-RED* (Stoe, 1996); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

References

- Altomare, A., Cascarano, G., Giacovazzo, G., Guagliardi, A., Burla, M. C., Polidori, G. & Camalli, M. (1994). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **27**, 435.
Blessing, R. H. (1995). *Acta Cryst.* **A51**, 33–38.
Farrugia, L. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
Farrugia, L. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
Faulmann, C., Cassoux, P., Kotov, A. I. & Yagubskii, E. B. (1995). *Acta Cryst.* **C51**, 149–151.
Ishiguro, T., Yamaji, K. & Saito, G. (1998). *Organic Superconductors*, edited by P. Fulde, Springer Series Solid-State Science, Vol. 88. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer.

- Kini, A. M., Geiser, U., Wang, H. H., Lykke, K. R., Williams, J. M. & Campana, C. F. (1995). *J. Mater. Chem.* **5**, 1647–1652.
- Kotov, A. I., Buranov, L. I., Konovalikhin, S. V., D'yachenko, O. A., Yagubskii, E. B., Malfant, I., Courcet, T., Cassoux, P., Akimoto, J., Honda, K. & Mizuno, M. (1999). *Synth. Met.* **102**, 1630–1631.
- Kotov, A. I., Faulmann, C., Cassoux, P. & Yagubskii, E. B. (1994). *J. Org. Chem.* **59**, 2626–2629.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXL97*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Stoe (1996). *IPDS Manual (Version 2.75) and X-RED (Revision 1.08)*. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany.
- Williams, J. M., Ferraro, J. R., Thorn, R. J., Carlson, K. D., Geiser, U., Wang, H. H., Kini, A. M. & Whangbo, M. H. (1992). *Organic Superconductors*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Yamada, J., Tanaka, S., Segawa, J., Hamasaki, M., Hagiya, K., Anzai, H., Nishikawa, H., Ikemoto, I. & Kikuchi, K. (1998). *J. Org. Chem.* **63**, 3952–3960.